

SUMMARY OF THE SPECIFIC ISSUE

Section A - Introduction and warnings						
<p>Introduction and Warning: This summary should be read as an introduction to the Base Prospectus and the Final Terms to which this is annexed. Any decision to invest in any Notes should be based on a consideration of the Base Prospectus as a whole, including any documents incorporated by reference and the Final Terms. An investor in the Notes could lose all or part of the invested capital. Where a claim relating to information contained in the Base Prospectus and the Final Terms is brought before a court, the plaintiff may, under national law where the claim is brought, be required to bear the costs of translating the Base Prospectus and the Final Terms before the legal proceedings are initiated. Civil liability attaches only to the Offeror on the basis of this summary, including any translation of it, but only where the summary is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent when read together with the other parts of the Base Prospectus and the Final Terms or where it does not provide, when read together with the other parts of the Base Prospectus and the Final Terms, key information in order to aid investors when considering whether to invest in the Notes.</p> <p>Name and international securities number of the Notes: Issue of €20,000,000 Fixed to Floating Rate Senior Notes due 9 October 2033 (ISIN: IT0005567273) (website: www.unicreditgroup.eu)</p> <p>Name of the Issuer: UniCredit S.p.A. (UniCredit)</p> <p>Contact details of the Issuer: UniCredit has its registered office at Piazza Gae Aulenti, 3 Tower A 20154 Milan, Italy. (Telephone: +39 02 88 621)</p> <p>LEI codes of the Issuer: 549300TRUWO2CD2G5692</p> <p>Competent Authority for approval of Base Prospectus: Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF), 283, route d'Arlon L-1150 Luxembourg (Telephone (+352) 26 25 1 – 1). The Base Prospectus relating to the €60,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Note Programme of UniCredit S.p.A. has been approved by the CSSF on 10 May 2023 as supplemented on 4 August 2023.</p>						
Section B - Key information on the Issuer						
Who is the Issuer of the securities?						
<p>Domicile and legal form of the Issuer UniCredit is a joint-stock company established in Italy under Italian law, with its registered office, head office and principal centre of business at Piazza Gae Aulenti, 3 Tower A, 20154 Milan, Italy. UniCredit's Legal Entity Identifier (LEI) code is 549300TRUWO2CD2G5692.</p> <p>Principal activities of the Issuer UniCredit is a pan-European commercial bank with a unique service offering in Italy, Germany, Central and Eastern Europe. UniCredit's purpose is to empower communities to progress, delivering high-quality services for all stakeholders, unlocking the potential of its clients and its people across Europe. UniCredit serves over 15 million customers worldwide. UniCredit is organized in five geographical areas and two product factories, Corporate and Individual Solutions. This allows the Bank to be close to its clients and use the scale of the entire Group for developing and offering the best products across all its markets.</p> <p>Major shareholders of the Issuer No individual or entity controls UniCredit within the meaning provided for in Article 93 of the Legislative Decree No. 58 of 24 February 1998 (the Financial Services Act) as amended. As at 3 April 2023, the main shareholders who have disclosed that they hold, directly or indirectly, a relevant participation in UniCredit, pursuant to Article 120 of the Financial Services Act, were: BlackRock Group (shares: 114,907,383; 5.921% owned); Allianz Group (shares: 69,622,203; 3.587% owned).</p> <p>Identity of the managing director of the Issuer The managing director of the Issuer is Mr. Andrea Orcel (Chief Executive Officer).</p> <p>Identity of the auditors of the Issuer The audit firm assigned with the statutory accounting supervision of the Issuer for the 2022-2030 nine-year period is KPMG S.p.A. (KPMG). KPMG is a company incorporated under the laws of Italy, enrolled with the Companies' Register of Milan under number 00709600159 and registered with the Register of Statutory Auditors (<i>Registro dei Revisori Legali</i>) maintained by Minister of Economy and Finance with registration number 70623, having its registered office at Via Vittor Pisani 25, 20124 Milan, Italy. It shall be noted that, for the 2013-2021 nine-year period, the shareholders' meeting of UniCredit held on 11 May 2012 appointed Deloitte & Touche S.p.A. to act as UniCredit's external auditor, with registered office at Via Tortona 25, 20144 Milan, Italy, enrolled with the Companies' Register of Milan under number 03049560166 and registered with the Register of Statutory Auditors (<i>Registro dei Revisori Legali</i>) with registration number 132587.</p>						
What is the key financial information regarding the Issuer?						
<p>UniCredit derived the selected consolidated financial information included in the table below for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 from the audited consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021. The selected consolidated financial information included in the table below for the six months ended 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022 was derived from the limited audit interim consolidated financial statements ended 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022. The figures below for the items of income statement and balance sheet refer to the reclassified schemes.</p>						
Income statement						
	As for the year ended			As for the six months ended		
<i>EUR millions, except where indicated</i>	31.12.22 (*)	31.12.21 (**)	31.12.21 (***)	30.06.23 (****)	30.06.22 (*****)	30.06.22 (*****)
	<i>audited</i>			<i>limited audit</i>		

Net interest	10,692	9,019	9,060	6,795	4,771	4,784
Fees	6,841	6,776	6,692	3,901	3,956	3,568
Loan Loss Provisions (LLPs)	(1,894)	(1,634)	(1,634)	(114)	(1,281)	(1,281)
Trading income	2,574	1,554	1,638	986	955	1,349
Measure of financial performance used by the Issuer in the financial statements such as operating profit (Gross operating profit (Loss))	10,782	8,158	8,158	7,242	5,094	5,094
Group stated Net profit (loss)	6,458	2,096	1,540	4,374	2,285	2,285
Balance sheet						
	As for the year ended			As for the six months ended		Value as outcome from the Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process ('SREP' 31.12.2022)
<i>EUR millions, except where indicated</i>	31.12.22 (*)	31.12.21 (**)	31.12.21 (***)	30.06.23 (***)		
	<i>audited</i>			<i>limited audit</i>		
Total assets	857,773	917,227	916,671	843,506		not applicable
Senior debt	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable		not applicable
Subordinated debt (*****)	7,920	10,111	10,111	not applicable		not applicable
Loans and receivables from customers (net) [identified in the reclassified consolidated accounts as "Loans to customers"]	455,781	448,989	437,544	450,846		not applicable
Deposits from customers	510,093	500,689	500,504	514,138		not applicable
Group Shareholders' Equity	63,339	62,185	61,628	61,881		not applicable
Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1) ratio or other relevant prudential capital adequacy ratio depending on the issuance (%)	16.68%	not applicable	15.82%	16.94%		9.52% ⁽¹⁾
Total Capital Ratio	21.42%	not applicable	20.14%	21.59%		13.89% ⁽¹⁾
Leverage Ratio calculated under applicable regulatory framework (%)	6.07%	not applicable	5.71%	5.85%		not applicable
(*) The financial information relating to the financial year ended 31 December 2022 has been extracted from UniCredit's audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2022, which have been audited by KPMG S.p.A.,						

UniCredit's external auditors.

- (**) The comparative figure as at 31 December 2021 in this column have been restated. The amount related to year 2021 differs from the ones published in the "2021 Consolidated Reports and Accounts".
- (***) As published in the "2021 Consolidated Reports and Accounts".
- (****) The financial information relating to 30 June 2023 has been extracted from UniCredit's limited audit Consolidated First Half Financial Report as at 30 June 2023.
- (*****) In 2023 Reclassified income statement, comparative figures as at 30 June 2022 have been restated.
- (******) As published in UniCredit's limited audit Consolidated First Half Financial Report as at 30 June 2022
- (******) Amounts do not refer to reclassified schemes. They are extracted from the consolidated financial statements - Notes to Consolidated Accounts.
- (1) Considering the communication received from the ECB in relation to the 2022 Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP), setting UniCredit's Pillar 2 Capital Requirement (P2R) applicable in 2023 at 200 basis points, and the countercyclical capital buffer requirements updated as of June 2023.

What are the key risks that are specific to the Issuer?

Potential investors should be aware that in the case of the occurrence of one of the below mentioned risk factors the Notes may decline in value and that they may sustain a total loss of their investment.

The following risks are key risks specific to the Issuer:

Risks associated with the impact of current macroeconomic uncertainties and the effects of the geopolitical tensions

The market environment in which UniCredit operates continues to be affected by high levels of uncertainty for both the short and the medium-term outlook. The economic consequences stemming from the geopolitical tension are continuing to unfold increasing uncertainty for the euro area economy, pushing up inflationary pressures, that could impact on the performance of the Group. The Russia-Ukraine crisis has caused a sharp rise in commodities prices, further global supply-chain disruption, a tightening of financial conditions, heightened uncertainty, and a sharp drop in consumer confidence. As inflation builds up due to the increase in energy price and the supply disruptions, ECB is changing its monetary stance (Deposit Facility rate: -50 bps in June 2022, 0 bps in July, 75 bps in September, 150 bps in October, 200 bps in December, 250 bps in February 2023, 300 bps in March, 325 bps in May, 350 bps in June, 375 bps in July) and market is repricing interest rate expectations. The outlook is still surrounded by risks, further tensions on commodity prices cannot be excluded and an upsurge in the ongoing Russia-Ukraine conflict cannot be ignored. Therefore, the expectations regarding the performance of the global economy remains still uncertain in both the short and medium term. The current environment, characterized by highly uncertain elements as above mentioned could generate a worsening of the loan portfolio quality, followed by an increase of the non-performing loans and the necessity to increase the provisions to be charged to the income statement. On 9 December 2021 UniCredit presented to the financial community the 2022-2024 Strategic Plan, which included a set of strategic and financial objectives that considered the underlying scenario and resulted from the assessment performed at that time.

The macro assumptions underlying the Strategic Plan excluded unexpected materially adverse developments such as the Russia-Ukraine conflict and worsening/resurgence of the COVID-19 pandemic, situations that UniCredit has been monitoring closely (From Strategic Plan presentation: Macro assumptions in the Strategic Plan consider the recent and existing impacts of COVID-19 at the time of the Plan presentation with a gradual normalization over the subsequent years. The scenario did not assume that the COVID-19 situation at that time would develop in a particularly negative way in the subsequent years).

Risks connected with the Strategic Plan 2022 – 2024

On 9 December 2021, UniCredit presented to the financial community in Milan the 2022-2024 Strategic Plan called "UniCredit Unlocked" (the Strategic Plan or Plan) which contains a number of strategic, capital and financial objectives (the Strategic Objectives). The Strategic Plan focuses on UniCredit's geographic areas in which the Bank currently operates, with financial performance driven by three interconnected levers: cost efficiency, optimal capital allocation and net revenue growth. "UniCredit Unlocked" delivers strategic imperatives and financial ambitions based on six pillars. Such strategic imperatives and financial ambitions regard: (i) the growth in its regions and the development of its client franchise, changing its business model and how its people operate; (ii) the delivery of economies of scale from its footprint of banks, transforming the technology, leveraging Digital & Data and embedding sustainability in all that UniCredit does; (iii) driving financial performance via three interconnected levers.

The macro assumptions underlying the Strategic Plan disclosed in December 2021 excluded unexpected materially adverse developments such as the Russia-Ukraine conflict and worsening/resurgence of the COVID-19 pandemic, situations that UniCredit has been monitoring closely (From Strategic Plan presentation: Macro assumptions in the Strategic Plan consider the recent and existing impacts of COVID-19 at the time of the Plan presentation with a gradual normalization over the subsequent years. The scenario did not assume that the COVID-19 situation at that time would develop in a particularly negative way in the subsequent years). The Plan is based on six pillars: (i) optimise, through the improvement of operational and capital efficiency; (ii) invest, with targeted growth initiatives, including ESG; (iii) grow net revenues; (iv) increase return; (v) strengthen solidity thanks to revised CET1 ratio target and decrease of Gross NPE ratio; and (vi) distribute consistently with organic capital generation. UniCredit's ability to meet the Strategic Objectives and all forward-looking statements relies on a number of assumptions, expectations, projections and provisional data concerning future events and is hence subject to a number of uncertainties and additional factors, many of which are outside the control of UniCredit. For all these reasons, investors are cautioned against making their investment decisions based exclusively on the forecast data included in the Strategic Objectives. Any failure to implement the Strategic Objective or meet the Strategic Objectives may have a material adverse effect on UniCredit's business, financial condition or results of operations.

Credit risk and risk of credit quality deterioration

The activity, financial and capital strength and profitability of the UniCredit Group depend, among other things, on the creditworthiness of its customers. In carrying out its credit activities, the Group is exposed to the risk that an unexpected change in the creditworthiness of a counterparty may generate a corresponding change in the value of the associated credit exposure and give rise to the partial or total write-down thereof. The current environment continues to be characterised by highly uncertain elements, with the possibility that the slowdown of the economy, jointly with the termination of the safeguard measures, such as the customer loans

moratorium, generates a worsening of the loan portfolio quality, followed by an increase of the non-performing loans and the necessity to increase the provisions to be charged to the income statement.

UniCredit's Loan Loss Provisions (LLPs) decreased by 77.5 per cent Q/Q and increased Y/Y to Euro 21 million in 2Q23. Therefore, the cost of risk decreased by 6 bps Q/Q and increased by 2 bps Y/Y to 2 bps in 2Q23. The Group kept the amount of overlays on performing exposures flat Q/Q at circa Euro 1.8 billion, which substantially reinforces the Group's capacity to withstand macroeconomic shocks. As at 30 June 2023, Group gross NPEs were down by 13.0 per cent Y/Y and by 3.9 per cent Q/Q to Euro 12.1 billion in 2Q23 (while as at 31 March 2023 they were equal to Euro 12.6 billion) with gross NPE ratio of 2.6 per cent. (- 0.3 p.p. Y/Y, - 0.1 Q/Q). As at 30 June 2023, Group Net NPEs stood at Euro 6.3 billion decreased compared to 31 March 2023 which attested at Euro 6.5 billion (Group Net NPE ratio stable compared to 31 March 2023 and is equal to 1.4 per cent.).

UniCredit's LLPs in 1H23 amounted to Euro 114 million decreased by 91.1 per cent H/H. Therefore the CoR was equal to 5 bps.

The Group has adopted procedures, rules and principles aimed at monitoring and managing credit risk at both individual counterparty and portfolio level. However, there is the risk that, despite these credit risk monitoring and management activities, the Group's credit exposure may exceed predetermined risk's levels pursuant to the procedures, rules and principles it has adopted.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk refers to the possibility that the UniCredit Group may find itself unable to meet its current and future, anticipated and unforeseen cash payment and delivery obligations without impairing its day-to-day operations or financial position. The activity of the UniCredit Group is subject in particular to funding liquidity risk, market liquidity risk, mismatch risk and contingency risk. The most relevant risks that the Group may face are: i) an exceptionally high usage of the committed and uncommitted lines granted to corporate customers; ii) an unusual withdrawal of sight and term deposits by UniCredit's retail and corporate customers; iii) the decline in the market value of the securities in which UniCredit invests its liquidity buffer; iv) the capacity to roll over the expiring wholesale funding and the potential cash or collateral outflows the Group may suffer in case of rating downgrades of both the banks or the sovereign debt in the geographies in which it operates. In addition to this, some risks may arise from the limitations applied to the cross-border lending among banks. Due to the financial market crisis, followed also by the reduced liquidity available to operators in the sector, the ECB has implemented important interventions in monetary policy, such as the "Targeted Longer-Term Refinancing Operation" (TLTRO) introduced in 2014 and the TLTRO II introduced in 2016.

These liquidity support operations are approaching their maturity. This would result in the need for banks to seek alternative sources of borrowing, without ruling out the difficulties of obtaining such alternative funding as well as the risk that the related costs could be higher. Such a situation could therefore adversely affect UniCredit's business, operating results and the economic and financial position of UniCredit and/or the Group.

The main indicators used by the UniCredit Group to assess its liquidity profile are (i) the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), which represents an indicator of short-term liquidity subject to a minimum regulatory requirement of 100 per cent from 2018 and which was equal to 160 per cent in June 2023, whereas at 31 December 2022 was equal to 161 per cent (calculated as the average of the 12 latest end of month ratios), and (ii) the Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR), which represents the indicator of structural liquidity and which in June 2023 was above the internal limit set at 102.3 per cent within the risk appetite framework.

Basel III and Bank Capital Adequacy

The Issuer shall comply with the revised global regulatory standards (Basel III) on bank capital adequacy and liquidity, which impose requirements for, inter alia, higher and better-quality capital, better risk coverage, measures to promote the build-up of capital that can be drawn down in periods of stress and the introduction of a leverage ratio as a backstop to the risk-based requirement as well as two global liquidity standards. In terms of banking prudential regulations, the Issuer is also subject to the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive 2014/59/EU of 15 May 2014 (BRRD), implemented in Italy with the Legislative Decree. 180 and 181 of 16 November 2015 as amended by Directive (EU) 2019/879, the "BRRD II" (implemented in Italy by the Legislative Decree No. 193 of November 8, 2021), as well as the relevant technical standards and guidelines from EU regulatory bodies (i.e. the European Banking Authority (EBA)), which, inter alia, provide for recovery and resolution mechanisms and Minimum Requirement for Own Funds and Eligible Liabilities (MREL) for credit institutions.

Should UniCredit not be able to meet the capital/MREL requirements imposed by the applicable laws and regulations, it may be required to maintain higher levels of capital/eligible liabilities which could potentially impact its credit ratings, and funding conditions and which could limit UniCredit's growth opportunities.

Section C – Key Information on the Notes

What are the main features of the Notes?

Type, class and ISIN: The Dematerialised Notes are Fixed to Floating Rate Senior Notes due 9 October 2033. International Securities Identification Number (ISIN): IT0005567273. The Notes are not expected to be rated.

Currency: The currency of this Series of Notes is Euro (€). The Notes have a Specified Denomination of €10,000. The Maturity Date of the Notes is 9 October 2033. The aggregate nominal amount of Notes is €20,000,000.

The Status and Subordination (Ranking) of the Notes: The Notes issued on a Senior basis constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and unsecured obligations of the Issuer ranking (subject to any obligations preferred by applicable law) *pari passu* with all other unsecured obligations (other than obligations ranking junior to the Senior Notes from time to time (including Non-Preferred Senior Notes and any further obligations subsequently permitted by law to rank junior to the Senior Notes following the Issue Date), if any) of the Issuer, present and future and *pari passu* and rateably without any preference among themselves. This Series of the Notes is issued on a Senior basis.

Each holder of a Note unconditionally and irrevocably waives any right of set-off, netting, counterclaim, abatement or other similar remedy which it might otherwise have, under the laws of any jurisdiction or otherwise, in respect of such Note.

The rights attached to the Notes: The Notes bear a fixed interest rate for the period from, and including, the Issue Date to, but excluding, 9 October 2026 (the **Switch Date**) of 7.25 per cent. *per annum* payable in arrear on 9 January, 9 April, 9 July and 9 October in each year starting on 9 January 2024, up to and including 9 October 2026. After the Switch Date, the Interest Basis will be 3-month EURIBOR *per annum* Floating Rate in respect of the period from, and including, the Switch Date up to, but excluding, the Maturity Date payable in arrear quarterly with each Interest Period starting from, and including, a Specified Interest Payment Date to, but excluding, the next Specified Interest Payment Date. **Specified Interest Payment Date** means 11 January 2027, 9 April 2027, 9 July 2027, 11 October 2027, 10 January 2028, 10 April 2028, 10 July 2028, 9 October 2028, 9 January 2029, 9 April 2029, 9 July 2029, 9 October 2029, 9 January 2030, 9 April 2030, 9 July 2030, 9

October 2030, 9 January 2031, 9 April 2031, 9 July 2031, 9 October 2031, 9 January 2032, 9 April 2032, 9 July 2032, 11 October 2032, 10 January 2033, 11 April 2033, 11 July 2033 and 10 October 2033. The Minimum Rate of Interest will be 0.00 per cent. *per annum* and the Maximum Rate of Interest will be 7.25 per cent. *per annum*. In addition to the rights to payment of interest and principal amounts specified in these Final Terms, such rights include:

Taxation: Where an Italian resident Noteholder is the beneficial owner of the interest, premium and other income relating to the Notes and is (a) an individual not engaged in an entrepreneurial activity to which the Notes are connected; (b) a non-commercial partnership (with the exception of general partnership, limited partnership and similar entities); (c) a non-commercial private or public institution; or (d) an investor exempt from Italian corporate income taxation (unless the Noteholders has opted for the application of the *risparmio gestito* regime), interest, premium and other income relating to the Notes, accrued during the relevant holding period, are subject to a substitute tax, referred to as "*imposta sostitutiva*", levied at the rate of 26 per cent. In the event that the Noteholders described under (a) and (c) above are engaged in an entrepreneurial activity to which the Notes are connected, the *imposta sostitutiva* applies as a provisional tax.

Events of Default: The terms of the Senior Notes will contain, among others, the following event of default:

- UniCredit becoming subject to *Liquidazione Coatta Amministrativa* as defined in Legislative Decree No. 385 of 1 September 1993 of the Republic of Italy (as amended from time to time);

upon the occurrence of the above, any holder of the Notes may, by written notice at the specified office of the Paying Agent for the Dematerialised Notes, effective upon the date of receipt thereof by the Paying Agent for the Dematerialised Notes, declare any Note held by the holder to be forthwith due and payable whereupon the same shall become forthwith due and payable at its Early Redemption Amount together with accrued interest (if any) to the date of repayment, without presentment, demand, protest or other notice of any kind.

Meetings: The terms of the Notes will contain provisions for calling meetings of holders of such Notes to consider matters affecting their interests generally. These provisions permit defined majorities to bind all holders, including holders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting and holders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority.

Governing law: Italian law.

Redemption:

Subject to any purchase and cancellation or early redemption, the Notes will be redeemed on the Maturity Date at par. The Notes may be redeemed early at the occurrence of a Tax Event or or at the occurrence of a MREL or TLAC Disqualification Event at par.

Transferability: The Notes may not be transferred prior to the Issue Date.

Where will the Notes be traded?

Application has been made by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes to be listed on the Electronic Bond Market organised and managed by Borsa Italiana S.p.A. (MOT).

What are the key risks that are specific to the Notes?

There are certain risks associated with investing in the Notes. These risks include:

Limited Events of Default and remedies

The circumstances upon which the Noteholders may declare the Notes to be immediately due and payable are limited: in particular, if the Issuer is subject to *Liquidazione Coatta Amministrativa*. In this case, the right of acceleration of principal can be restricted and the sole remedy available to Noteholders for recovery of amounts owing in respect of any of the Notes will be the institution of proceedings to enforce such payment. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Issuer will not, by virtue of the institution of any such proceedings, be obliged to pay any sum or sums sooner than the same would otherwise have been payable by it;

Restricted early redemption and purchase

Any early redemption or purchase of Notes is subject to compliance by the Issuer with any conditions to such redemption or repurchase prescribed by the then applicable relevant regulations, including any requirements applicable to such redemption or repurchase due to the qualification of such Notes at such time as eligible liabilities available to meet the MREL or TLAC Requirements, the prior approval of the Relevant Resolution Authority where applicable from time to time under the applicable Relevant Regulation or the decision of the Issuer of not exercising the option to redeem the Notes. In addition, the Issuer has the right to redeem all Notes upon the occurrence of a MREL or TLAC Disqualification Event, and there can be no assurance that Noteholders will be able to reinvest the amounts received upon redemption at a rate that will provide the same rate of return as their investment in the Notes;

Modification without Noteholders' consent

In case of MREL or TLAC Disqualification Event or to enforce the provisions related to the statutory bail-in power, the Issuer may, subject to giving any notice required to be given to, and receiving any consent required from the Competent Authority and/or as appropriate the Relevant Resolution Authority, vary the terms of the Notes and in such case no assurance can be given as to whether any of these changes will negatively affect any particular Noteholder;

Application of the general bail-in tool

The Notes may be subject to write-down or conversion into equity capital instruments on any application of the general bail-in tool, which may result in the relevant holders losing some or all of their investment. The exercise of the general bail-in tool, or any other power under the BRRD or any suggestion or perceived suggestion of such exercise could, therefore, materially adversely affect the rights of holders of the Notes, the price or value of their investment in any such Notes and/or the ability of the Issuer to satisfy its obligations under such Notes;

Dematerialised Notes

In no circumstances would physical documents of title be issued in respect of the Notes issued in dematerialised form. While the Notes are represented by book entries, investors will be able to trade their beneficial interests only through Monte Titoli and the authorised financial intermediaries holding accounts on behalf of their customers with Monte Titoli. As the Notes are held in dematerialised form with Monte Titoli, investors will have to rely on the procedures of Monte Titoli and the financial intermediaries authorised to hold accounts therewith, for transfer, payment and communication to the Issuer;

Waiver of set-off

As a result of the waiver of set-off, each Noteholder unconditionally and irrevocably waives to any right of set-off, netting, counterclaim, abatement or other similar remedy which it might otherwise have, under the laws of any jurisdiction or otherwise, in respect of such Note;

Changes in Italian laws or administrative practice

Changes in Italian laws or administrative practice and/or any judicial decision could materially adversely impact the value of any Notes affected by it;

Risks related to the market generally

Credit ratings may not reflect the potential impact of all risks related to structure, market, additional factors discussed above, and other factors that may affect the value of the Notes. The Issue Price of the Notes includes implicit fees that may not be taken into account for the purposes of determining the price of the Notes in the

secondary market and could result in a difference between the Issue Price, the theoretical value of the Notes and/or the actual bid/offer price quoted by any intermediary in the secondary market. Any such difference may have an adverse effect on the value of the Notes, particularly immediately following the offer and the issue date relating to such Notes, where any such fees may be deducted from the price at which such Notes can be sold by the initial investor in the secondary market. In addition, an active secondary market in respect of the Notes may never be established or may be illiquid and this would adversely affect the value at which an investor could sell his Notes. Therefore, investors may not be able to sell their Notes easily or at prices that will provide them with a yield comparable to similar investments that have a developed secondary market. Furthermore, if an investor holds Notes which are not denominated in the investor's home currency, it will be exposed to movements in exchange rates adversely affecting the value of its holding. In addition, the imposition of exchange controls in relation to any Notes could result in an investor not receiving payments on those Notes. Moreover, the repayment of the nominal amount of the Notes at maturity does not protect investors from the risk of inflation. Consequently, the real return of the Notes, which is the adjusted return taking into account the inflation rate measured during the life of the Notes themselves, could be negative. In addition, the Notes are subscribed by the an affiliate of the Issuer for resales on the secondary market thereafter on the basis of investors' demand. Accordingly, in these cases investors purchasing the Notes should be aware that there may not be a liquid secondary market for the relevant Notes immediately. Even if a market does develop subsequently, it may not be liquid. Furthermore, investors should note that when subscribing the Notes the Dealer may receive in consideration underwriting commissions and selling concessions. In addition, the Issuer or one of its affiliates may act market maker, liquidity provider or specialist or perform other similar roles in connection with the Notes, including *inter alia* acting as intermediary performing the investment service of execution of orders; in such cases, the Issuer or one of its affiliates can purchase the Notes issued by itself. In light of the above, circumstances potential conflicts of interest may exist between the Issuer and/or its affiliates acting in such capacity of owners/holders of the Notes and/or market maker, liquidity provider or specialist or intermediary on the one hand and investors in the Notes on the other. The relevant market maker, liquidity provider or specialist may act by virtue of agreements entered into with the Issuer and/or the Dealer/Distributor, pursuant to which such subjects undertake to sell the Notes on the secondary market at a price calculated on the basis of predetermined conditions and/or for a maximum predetermined quantity. Where the liquidity of the Notes is supported by one or more subjects operating on the secondary market, there is a risk that the purchase price of the Notes is influenced in a prevalent manner by the activity of such subjects if the purchase price is formulated on the basis of pre-determined criteria; in such a case, in fact, the price may not reflect all the market variables and may not be indicative of the same and may, therefore, be different than the price that would have been determined independently on the market. The Issuer reserves the right to cancel some or all of the Notes held by the Issuer itself or by re-purchasing them from the relevant Dealer at any time prior to the final maturity of the Notes. Accordingly, the aggregate nominal amount or number of Notes outstanding at any time may be significantly less than the nominal amount outstanding on the Issue Date, and this could have a negative impact on the investor's ability to sell the Notes in the secondary market. While this risk applies to all Notes, it may be particularly the case with regard to Notes intended to be/or listed on Borsa Italiana S.p.A. and admitted to trading on the MOT.

Section D – Key Information on the Offer of the Notes to the Public

Are the Notes being offered to the public as part of a Non-Exempt Offer?

Consent: Subject to the conditions set out below, the Issuer consents to the use of this Base Prospectus in connection with a Non-exempt Offer of Notes by UCB AG and any financial intermediary which is authorised to make such offers under applicable legislation implementing the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (Directive 2014/65/EU) and publishes on its website the following statement (with the information in square brackets being completed with the relevant information):

"We, [insert legal name of financial intermediary], refer to the offer of [insert title of relevant Notes] (the Notes) described in the Final Terms dated [insert date] (the Final Terms) published by UniCredit S.p.A. (the Issuer). In consideration of the Issuer offering to grant its consent to our use of the Base Prospectus (as defined in the Final Terms) in connection with the offer of the Notes in [specify relevant State(s)] during the Offer Period and subject to the other conditions to such consent, each as specified in the Base Prospectus, we hereby accept the offer by the Issuer in accordance with the Authorised Offeror Terms (as specified in the Base Prospectus), and confirm that we are using the Base Prospectus accordingly."

Offer period: The Issuer's consent referred to above is given for Non-exempt Offers of Notes during the offer period for the issue specified below (the **Offer Period**)."

Conditions to consent: The conditions to the Issuer's consent (in addition to the conditions referred to above) are that such consent: (a) is only valid during the Offer Period; and (b) only extends to the use of this Base Prospectus to make Non-exempt Offers of the relevant Tranche of Notes in Italy. The Issuer consents to the use of the Base Prospectus in connection with the making of an offer of the Notes to the public requiring the prior publication of a prospectus under the Prospectus Regulation (a **Non-exempt Offer**) by UCB AG (the **Authorised Offeror**) in the Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction. The Authorised Offeror (i) has the Issuer's consent to use the Base Prospectus in respect of offers of the Notes made in the Non-exempt Offer Jurisdiction provided that it complies with all applicable laws and regulations, and (ii) has the Issuer's consent to use the Base Prospectus in respect of private placements of the Notes that do not subject the Issuer or any affiliate of the Issuer to any additional obligation to make any filing, registration, reporting or similar requirement with any financial regulator or other governmental or quasi-governmental authority or body or securities exchange, or subject any officer, director or employee of the Issuer or any affiliate of the Issuer to personal liability, where such private placements are conducted in compliance with the applicable laws of the relevant jurisdictions thereof.

AN INVESTOR INTENDING TO PURCHASE OR PURCHASING ANY NOTES IN A NON-EXEMPT OFFER FROM AN AUTHORISED OFFEROR WILL DO SO, AND OFFERS AND SALES OF SUCH NOTES TO AN INVESTOR BY SUCH AUTHORISED OFFEROR WILL BE MADE, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE OFFER IN PLACE BETWEEN SUCH AUTHORISED OFFEROR AND SUCH INVESTOR INCLUDING ARRANGEMENTS IN RELATION TO PRICE, ALLOCATIONS, EXPENSES AND SETTLEMENT. THE RELEVANT INFORMATION WILL BE PROVIDED BY THE AUTHORISED OFFEROR AT THE TIME OF SUCH OFFER.

Under which conditions and timetable can I invest in these securities?

The Notes will be offered at the market price which will be determined by UCB AG (the **Offer Price**). During the Offer Period, depending on market conditions and subject to the rules and instructions of the MOT, the Offer Price shall be equal to the Issue Price of the Notes. After the Offer Period, the Notes will be offered at the market price which will be determined by UCB AG on a continuous basis in accordance with the market conditions then prevailing. UCB AG (in its capacity as appointed specialist under the MOT rules) (the **Specialist**) will publish offer prices (and bid prices) at which the Specialist is prepared to sell (and purchase) the Notes on the MOT. The Notes will be offered to eligible counterparties, professional clients and retail clients by way of a public offering through financial intermediaries. The Notes will be offered during the offer period: from (and including) the first day on which the Notes are traded on MOT to (and including), 20 October 2023 the date on which UniCredit Bank AG ceases to carry on active marketing activities in respect of the Notes in the Republic of Italy (the **Offer Period**). An offer of the Notes may be made by UCB AG other than pursuant to Article 1(4) of the EU Prospectus Regulation in the Republic of Italy during the Offer Period. The Offer Period is subject to early termination or extension by UCB AG in accordance with Issuer and in accordance with the applicable regulations and any adjustments to such period will be set out in one or more notices to be made available on www.unicreditgroup.eu. The offer of the Notes may be withdrawn or extended in whole or in part at any time at the discretion of UCB AG in accordance with the Issuer and any such withdrawal or extension will be set out in one or more notices to be made available on www.unicreditgroup.eu.

The offer is subject to the admission to listing of the Notes on the MOT. UCB AG in accordance with Issuer may, during the Offer Period, terminate early the Offer Period and immediately suspend the acceptance of additional orders without any prior notice. If the Offer Period is terminated early, a notice to that effect will be made available during normal business hours on www.unicreditgroup.eu. The offer of the Notes may be withdrawn or extended at any time at the discretion of UCB

AG in accordance with Issuer and any such withdrawal or extension will be set out in one or more notices to be made available during normal business hours on www.unicreditgroup.eu.

Notes may be purchased from any market intermediary approved and admitted to trading on the MOT by Borsa Italiana S.p.A. (each, an "Authorised Intermediary"), and purchase and settlement of the Notes shall be in accordance with the relevant rules and regulation of the MOT.

The Notes will be subscribed by UCB AG, issued by the Issuer on the Issue Date and held by UCB AG in inventory. Investors may purchase the Notes on MOT by payment of the purchase price to an Authorised Intermediary. Purchase and sale contracts concluded on the MOT market shall be settled on the second business day following their conclusion, subject to and in accordance with the applicable MOT rules.

No dealings in Notes may take place prior to the first day of trading of the Notes on MOT.

The distributor is UniCredit Bank AG, acting through its Milan Branch (Piazza Gae Aulenti 4, Tower C 20154 Milan Italy).

Total commission: 3.45 per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount. The costs contained in the Offer Price of the Notes as of the date of these Final Terms include the remuneration of UCB AG.

Why is this prospectus being produced?

Reasons for the offer and use of proceeds: for its general corporate purposes, which include making a profit.

Indication of most material conflicts of interest pertaining to the offer or the admission to trading: Save for the fees payable to the Specialist, also acting as arranger of the Notes, and save for the fact that the Specialist is part of the Issuer's Group, so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the issue of the Notes has an interest material to the offer. Furthermore, the Specialist is the Dealer, distributor on secondary market, calculation agent and market maker in connection with the Notes. The Specialist and its affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and/or commercial banking transactions with, and may perform other services for, the Issuer and its affiliates in the ordinary course of business.